www.folklore-society.com

www.mtrecords.co.uk





DIRECTORY ~ QUARTERLY UPDATES

List 7: FOLKLIFE SOCIETIES: Members (Associations, Trusts, Organisations)

A.3 FOLK MUSIC, SONG & DANCE SOCIETIES, LOCAL (County, Borough, local area)

O Existing Member: replaces NIGHTJAR MUSIC listings

inusicpool The Music Pool, The Courtyard Centre for the Arts, Edgar Street, Hereford, HR4 9JR info@musicpool.org.uk

The Music Pool presents an eclectic mix of folk, roots, blues and world music with accompanying education and participatory
workshop activities in schools and for the public. Events happen at The Courtyard and a range of other venues around the county.

A.8 FOLKLORE SOCIETIES O New Member

<u>The FOLKLORE SOCIETY</u> 020 7862 8564

☑ The Folklore Society, The Warburg Institute, Woburn Square, LONDON WC1H 0AB
 ⊕ The Folklore Society: collecting and publishing folklore since 1878. Visit www.folklore-society.com for information about our journal

Folklore and other publications, our annual book prize, forthcoming events, and access to our library at UCL.

List 8: Folklife Studies & Institutions: Members

Fs.3 ARCHIVES & ONLINE RESOURCES O New Member
MUSICAL TRADITIONS INTERNET MAGAZINE

MUSICAL TRADITIONS INTERNET MAGAZINE Rod Stradling, editor 01453 759475 www.mustrad.org.uk

☑ 1 Castle Street, STROUD, Glos GL5 2HP.

An on-line magazine celebrating all aspects of traditional music, from all parts of the world. It contains record and book reviews, articles long and short, discographies, pictures, news, comment and letters. See also MUSICAL TRADITIONS RECORDS in Fs.7 Music Publishers.

Fs.7 FOLKLIFE STUDIES: MUSIC PUBLISHERS & RECORDING COMPANIES O New Member

MUSICAL TRADITIONS RECORDS Rod Stradling

□ 1 Castle Street, STROUD, Glos GL5 2HP.

CD-Rs of important performers unavailable commercially. There are two Catalogue Samplers, costing £10 each, MTCD319 (1988-2005) and

01453 759475

MTCD358 (2005-2012) contaning one track each from the 58 CDs in the main '300 Series'.

In the original printed *Folklife Quarterly*, the lower part of this page was a continuation of the previous *FQ* section *Members' Workshops, Courses, Schools: News*

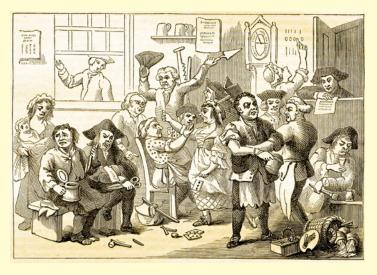
and the items below were on the FQ cover

The Death of Saint Monday by Roy & Lesley Adkins

Below: 'St Monday in the days of Hogarth' from W. R. Chambers' 1864 The Book of Days: A Miscellany of Popular Antiquities [... etc]
Roy and Lesley Adkins are authors of several books on history and archaeology, their latest is "Eavesdropping on Jane Austen's England"

Loss of the Centaur, by Roy Palmer

Below: "The Wreck of HMS Centaur", by James Northcote, © National Maritime Museum, Greenwich, London
On 31 October, Roy Palmer will give a lecture at the Museum on "Long Haul: A History of the Sea Shanty", see Talks in our Folklife pages





If you want a copy of an individual article, you can ask us to email it (subject Our 2 e-magazine websites: in both, links to webpages, search for items, etc. • http://issuu.com/folklife- the current Folklife Quarterly, incl. FT pages - comprehensive online Directory Print listings Members only; online listings section open to all NEW - Archive of our Folklife Traditions pages, has been started, with FT issues & an index. Our former <u>Journals</u> to be added later

A7-A15 cover other activities. FOLK MUSIC, SONG & DANCE SOCIETIES, NATIONAL ŪK Office ■ www.folkcamps.co.uk ® FOLK CAMPS 0208 1232136 UK: Cymru <u>trac Music Traditions Wales/Traddodiadau Cerdd Cymru</u> Blanche Rowen 02920 318863 ■ www.trac-cymru.org R ■ www.folklife-west.org.uk <u>UK: E & W</u> (R) **FOLKLIFE** Sam & Eleanor Simmons .. new phone, see ENGLISH FOLK SONG & DANCE SOCIETY (EFDSS) Office **UK: England** ® 020 7485 2206 ■ www.efdss.org FOLK MUSIC, SONG & DANCE SOCIETIES, REGIONAL - ENGLAND (for local see A.3, next) E+WMids ® TRADITIONAL ARTS TEAM Pam Bishop 0121 247 3856 ■ www.tradartsteam.co.uk Alan Bell 01253 872317 ■ www.folkus.co.uk FOLKUS NW SOUTHERN COUNTIES' FOLK FEDERATION (SCoFF) SE+ SW ■ www.scoff.org.uk R 01837 53754 SW ® WREN MUSIC Info WEST MIDLANDS FOLK FEDERATION (WMFF) Geoffrey Johnson 0121 360 7468 ■ www.wmff.org.uk WMids FOLK MUSIC, SONG & DANCE SOCIETIES, LOCAL (County, Borough, local area): England: Mike Riley TAMESIDE FOLK ASSOCIATION (TFA) 0161 366 7326 NW DEVON FOLK SW Devon ® Colin Andrews 01363 877216 ■ www.devonfolk.co.uk Peter Cripps, Chairman 01452 780401 ■ www.glosfolk.org.uk GLOSFOLK THE MUSIC POOL WMids Hfds Rob Strawson 01432 278118 www.musicpool.org.uk (for Folk Music Societies see A.4) **FOLK SONG SOCIETIES** ® PEDLARS PACK Moderator: Steve Roud ☐ http://groups.yahoo.com/group/Pedlars_Pack ® TRADITIONAL SONG FORUM Secretary: Martin Graebe 01452 523861 ■ www.tradsong.org A.8 FOLKLORE SOCIETIES ® The FOLKLORE SOCIETY 020 7862 8564 ■ www.folklore-society.com ® TALKING FOLKLORE Moderator: Steve Roud http://groups.yahoo.com/group/TalkingFolklore A.4 Folk Music; A.6 Folk Dance; A.7. Folk Drama; A.9 Storytelling; A.10 Oral History; O Other SOCIETIES categories (no Folklife Members): A.11 Language; A.12 English Language & Dialect; A.13 Folk Life Generally - Societies; A.14 Folk Life - Other Specific Groups. List 8: **FOLKLIFE STUDIES & INSTITUTIONS**: Members ❖ Fs.1 RESEARCHERS AND AUTHORS ® **DOC ROWE** Doc Rowe 07747 687734 www.docrowe.org.uk (R) **GWILYM DAVIES Gwilym Davies** 01242 603094 www.cmarge.demon.co.uk/gwilym MARTIN GRAEBE Martin Graebe 01452 523861 ■ www.sbgsongs.org ® Mike Riley 0161 366 7326 ■ no website ® MIKE RILEY [please contact via website] \sqsubseteq www.adkinshistory.com **ROY ADKINS** Roy Adkins 01825 766751 / 07739 901998 (R) STEVE ROUD Steve Roud ■ no website LECTURERS AND SPEAKERS see also "Member Performers" and "Member Workshops (Organisers)" Fs.2 DOC ROWE Doc Rowe 07747 687734 ■ www.docrowe.org.uk **GWILYM DAVIES Gwilym Davies** 01242 603094 www.cmarge.demon.co.uk/gwilym **MARTIN GRAEBE** Martin Graebe 01452 523861 www.martinandshan.net ® ARCHIVES (in specialist folklife or general archives) and ONLINE RESOURCES (websites with articles) Fs.3 The MICK TEMS ARCHIVE OF TRADITIONAL ARTS Mick Tems 01443 206689 www.folkwales.org.uk/archive.html The DOC ROWE COLLECTION ARCHIVE & Doc Rowe Collection Support Group Access: please see note on website 🗏 www.docrowe.org.uk ■ www.folktrax-archive.org FOLKTRAX (the late Peter Kennedy's 'folktrax' website) (R) MUSICAL TRADITIONS INTERNET MAGAZINE Rod Stradling, editor 01453 759475 www.mustrad.org.uk (R) (R) The ROUD FOLKSONG INDEX Steve Roud □ http://library.efdss.org/cgi-bin/query.cgi?query= 'SONGS OF THE WEST', the Sabine Baring-Gould website 01452 523861 Martin Graebe www.sbgsongs.org LIBRARIES (in specialist folklife or general libraries); PUBLIC/COMMUNITY LIBRARIES that are Members Website ® FOLKTRAX - please see under Fs.3, FOLKLIFE ARCHIVES HALSWAY MANOR LIBRARY (Kennedy-Grant Memorial Library) 01984 618274 www.halswaymanor.org.uk Somerset ® http://library.efdss.org VAUGHAN WILLIAMS MEMORIAL LIBRARY (EFDSS) 020 7485 2206 London ® **EXETER CENTRAL LIBRARY** 01392 384217 www.devon.gov.uk/libraries Devon Somerset ® YEOVIL: PERFORMING ARTS LIBRARY 01935 472020 www.somerset.gov.uk/performingarts MUSIC PUBLISHERS & RECORDING COMPANIES BARN DANCE PUBLICATIONS Derek Jones 0208 668 5714 www.barndancepublications.co.uk SE London HOBGOBLIN RECORDS SW www.hobgoblinrecords.com Sussex 01273 491456 HURLER RECORDS 01637 880394 ☐ (no website) SW Cornwall Chris Ridley **Rod Stradling** ςw Glos MUSICAL TRADITIONS RECORDS 01453 759475 www.mtrecords.co.uk SW S Glos SAYDISC Gef Lucena 01637 880394 www.saydisc.com SW Devon WREN MUSIC 01837 53754 www.wrenmusic.co.uk Fs.8 PRINT BOOK PUBLISHERS & BOOKSELLERS SW Somerset LLANERCH PRESS & PUBLISHERS 01278 781278 www.llanerchpress.com THE ROOTS OF WELSH BORDER MORRIS' (by Dave Jones) 01885 490323 WM Worcs (no website) PRINT JOURNALS for folk magazines & listings (print & online), see list 3: Services; For Online Resources (websites with articles), see Fs.3 International ... FMJ (FOLK MUSIC JOURNAL) FFDSS 020 7485 2206 http://fmj.efdss.org

01684 561378

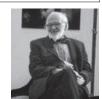
www.folklife-west.org.uk

FOLKLIFE QUARTERLY: Folklife Traditions Sam Simmons

'FOLKLIFE TRADITIONS'



The Loss of the Centaur by Roy Palmer s s by Roy Palmer s by Roy Pal



© Rov Palmer

Jarship sinks in mid-Atlantic hurricane. Hundreds of sailors lost. Captain and a dozen men saved after 900-mile journey in open boat.

So the headlines might have run in 1782, though the mass medium of communication would in fact have been this street ballad.

Centaus. Tune: When the stormy winds do seas 961-

Ye Landsmen all, I pray attend, who live at home at ease, To these lines that I've penn'd, upon the dangers of the seas. Likewise the loss of the Centaur, a gallant Man of War, Britons weep, in the deep, lies many a gallant Tar.

This ship set sail from England, was to the Indies bound, But at her returning was wind and weather bound, Such dreadful storms arising, her rigging tore away, And alas, all her masts, went over board straightway.

In this dreadful situation, she was drove up and down, Full three weeks she floated, no assistance could be found, Her guns were all thrown over, to lighten her the more, Night and day they did pray, to have a sight of shore.

But to add to their sorrow, another storm arose, And to the dreadful seas, poor souls they were expos'd, At last they found her sinking, the air was rent with cries, Dismal sound, she went down, never more to rise.

But, as she was sinking, two boats they hoisted out, And some, who got on board them, were sadly tost about, And one, being overloaded, she sunk and went down, Waves beat high, no ship nigh, so that all on board were drown'd.

The Captain and 12 Sailors were all who did survive, And out of several hundreds these few were left alive, Tho' they were almost perish'd with hunger and fatigues, No delay, for night and day, they did row many leagues.

Only three days' provisions, which they made last for nine, And in this low condition, of land could see no sign, Full sixteen days drove up and down, before they reach'd the land, Such a sight, was a fright, so weak they could not stand.

Ye landsmen, take compassion on those that plough the main, For the honour of the Nation, its rights for to maintain, How they're expos'd to danger, these lines do plainly show, We deplore that no more may such hardships ever know.' [1]

The ballad (the tune intended for which, incidentally, would seem to have been 'When the stormy winds do blow') may have been drawn from the 35-page account written by the ship's captain, John Nicholson Inglefield, at Faial in the Azores, and published in 1783. $^{[2]}$

The Centaur sailed from Jamaica on 16th September 1782 as one of several vessels escorting a homeward bound convoy of merchantmen. At the outset, Inglefield admitted, his ship was 'in a rather leaky condition, keeping two hand pumps going, and when it blew fresh, sometimes a spell with a chain-pump was necessary'. By midnight, 'it blew a gale of wind', and all hands were turned out to man the pumps. Within hours, the ship was dismasted and rudderless. Next day the guns were thrown overboard. The pumps were in constant use, but on the morning of 18th September they failed after being choked with ruined stores. The crew had to resort to bailing with canvas buckets, and 'would have dropped', had not two undamaged puncheons of rum been found, and their contents distributed. Even though there was no drinkable water, 'the people worked without a murmur', wrote the captain; 'and indeed with chearfulness'. On the 19th a cask of fresh water came to light; and a sail was passed under the ship's bottom in an effort to reduce the ingress of the sea. By the following morning the buckets and renewed pumps were making headway, but on 21st September these efforts were nullified by the advent of another gale.

More time passed in 'continual effort and labour, ... every officer taking his share of it, and the people [crew members] were always chearful and obedient'. On 23rd, when the state of the ship began to worsen, 'The people, who, to this period, had laboured as determined to conquer their difficulties without a murmur, or without a tear, seeing their efforts useless, many of them burst into tears, and wept like children. ... Some appeared perfectly resigned, went to their hammocks, and desired their messmates to lash them in; others were lashing themselves to grateings and small rafts; but the most predominate idea was, that of putting on their best and cleanest clothes'. As the ship gradually foundered, her three boats were hoisted over the

- 'The Loss of the Centaur': John Ashton, Real Sailor Songs (London: Leadenhall Press, 1891), no. 40. Ashton's source may have been 'The Loss of the Centaur', no. 4 in 'An Excellent Garland, containing Four Choice Songs', printed by G, Swindells, Hanging Bridge, Manchester (British Library), or 'Lamentation for the Loss of the Centaur', slip song without imprint (Cambridge University Library, Madden Collection, Slip Songs H-N, item 949).
- [2] Captain Inglefield's Narrative, concerning the Loss of His Majesty's Ship the Centaur, of seventy-four guns; and the Miraculous Preservation of the Pinnace, with the Captain, Master and ten of the Crew, in a Traverse of near 300 Leagues on the Great Western Ocean (London: printed for J. Murray and A. Donaldson, 1783). Copies in the British Library, Birmingham Central Library, Glasgow University Library, and the John Rylands Library of the University of Manchester.



The Death of Saint Monday

& by Roy & Lesley Adkins &

A Victorian illustration of the celebration of Saint Monday a century earlier.

folidays were originally 'holy days' when people did no work but attended church, often because it was the festival day of a particular saint. The Saint Monday 'holiday' was never a holy day, and its opponents considered it a festival of the devil, devoted primarily to drinking. In fact, Saint Monday was never an official holiday of any kind but was a term sarcastically applied to many people's habit of taking Monday off work. The Victorians thought that the practice was an evil thrown up by the industrial revolution. On p.112 of *Some Habits* and Customs of the Working Classes by a Journeyman Engineer, published in 1867, the invention of Saint



ST MONDAY IN THE DAYS OF HOGARTH.

Monday was said to be a recent one, owing to the introduction of steam power to factories:

 $^{\prime}$ The most noticeable holiday, the most thoroughly self-made and characteristic of them all, is that greatest of small holidays – Saint Monday. Which portion of the great unwashed first instituted the worship of this Saint is a disputed point; but to the tailors, who are amongst its most ardent devotees, the honour is usually ascribed. The institution is a comparatively recent one, and its origin is not very difficult to trace. The general introduction of steam as a motive power, and the rapid invention of machinery applicable to all kinds of manufacturing work, gave rise to a numerous body of highly skilled and highly paid workmen, who soon found themselves in a position to successfully oppose the employers."

This explanation is wrong in every respect, because the practice of taking Monday off can be traced back to at least the early 17th century. By 1788 it had an entry in Francis Grose's A Classical Dictionary of the Vulgar Tongue, where Saint Monday is mockingly defined as: A holiday most religiously observed by journeymen shoemakers, and other inferior mechanics: a profanation of that day, by working, is punishable by a fine, particularly among the gentle craft.' It was often claimed that weavers had created Saint Monday, but workers in many different occupations revered the saint, and the historian William Hutton, writing at the end of the 18th century, hit the nail on the head: 'If a man can support his family with three days labour, he will not work six.' (W. Hutton 1795 An History of Birmingham, p. 97). The seventh day, Sunday, was not a day of leisure but a day for attending church.

Before industrialisation, workers in many trades had the freedom to organise their time for themselves. Some might choose to work long hours for a few days and then take the rest of the week off, rather than work a fixed number of hours each day. Because many men worked from home, their families were also likely to be involved in their trade - the distinction between 'working life' and 'home life' was not sharply defined.

Rather than Saint Monday being a product of steam power and the factory system, it was the desire of employers to maximise profits from their factories that eventually stifled the practice. A factory could not run efficiently with variable hours, and so workers had to conform to fixed hours, which was a change for the worse. Complaints come through in the songs of the times, such as 'Hand-Loom v. Power-Loom', which has the verse:

'So come all you cotton-weavers, you must rise up very soon, For you must work in factories from morning until noon; You mustn't walk in your garden for two or three hours a day, For you must stand at their command and keep your shuttles in play.'

This was published in 1865 by John Harland in Ballads & Songs of Lancashire, pp. 251-3, though known to have been sung and probably written much earlier by 'Common' John Grimshaw of Gorton near Manchester. People resented their loss of freedom and the complete curtailment of family life. Not only that, but earnings were driven downwards as more and more people were forced to become wage slaves in factories. By the 20th century, Saint Monday had effectively died out.

It was not just family life that was completely changed by the introduction of factories. With less leisure time and with the flexible ways of working a thing of the past, few people could observe the old customs and traditions that were tied to specific dates in the calendar. While new customs, traditions and songs grew up within the factories, many older ones were observed only by children – or disappeared completely.

Rov and Leslev Adkins © 2013

Roy and Lesley Adkins are authors of several books on history and archaeology. Their latest book is Eavesdropping on Jane Austen's England (published as *Jane Austen's England* in the US). See **www.adkinshistory.com**

PUBLICATIONS NEWS Veteran's John Howson writes:

Please note that our PO Box will not function after September 2013. The following address should be used for all future correspondence: Veteran Mail Order, 44 Old Street, Haughley, Stowmarket, Suffolk IP14 3NX

Our Phone N° & email are unchanged: 01449 673695 and info@veteran.co.uk, and our 2 websites are also unaltered: www.veteran.co.uk and www.veteran.ie - if you haven't visited our websites recently, why not have a look today! Best Wishes, John Howson

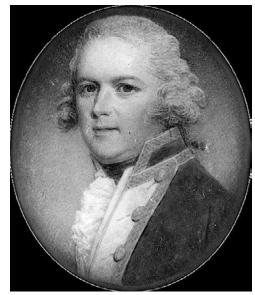
PUBLICATIONS POLICY: see website or last issue. Briefly, FT pages: info welcome on Books, & CDs of traditional singers; Performers' News from our Members: you can announce your own Folk CD, or send in your review of a CD you like.

Up to 200 words, more if advertising.

Please do not send Folk CDs to the editors for review.







Captain John Nicholson Inglefield, by Samuel Shelley

'The Wreck of HMS Centaur', by James Northcote, © National Maritime Museum, Greenwich, London.

On 31 October, Roy Palmer will give a lecture at the Museum on "Long Haul: A History of the Sea Shanty", see <u>Talks</u>, next page,

side, ready for use. The yawl was sashed against the bulwarks, and sank. Men began to climb into the pinnace, at which point Captain Inglefield realised that he needed to make an instant decision whether 'to remain and perish with the ship's company, whom I could not be any longer of use to, or seize the opportunity which seemed the only way of escaping, and leave the people who I had been so well satisfied with on a variety of occasions, that I thought I could give my life to preserve them. ... The love of life prevailed'. He went down into the boat and managed to get it clear of the ship. 'Mr Baylis, a young gentleman [midshipman] fifteen years of age, leaped from the chains after the boat had got off, and was taken in'.

Inglefield immediately wondered whether he was much better off than those left in the sinking *Centaur: We were altogether twelve in number, in a leaky boat, with one of the gunwhales stove, in nearly the middle of the Western Ocean, without compass, without quadrant, without sail, without great coat or cloak; all very thinly cloathed, in a gale of wind, with a great sea running!* Then a blanket came to light, and with one of the boat's stretchers (cross-pieces) became an improvised sail. Then 'a bag of bread, a small ham, a single piece of pork, two quart bottles of water, and a few of French cordials' were found. On the fifth day most of the bread – in fact, ship's hard biscuit – was discovered to have been spoiled by salt water. From then on, the daily allowance for each man consisted of one twelfth of a biscuit for breakfast and the same for dinner, with one glass of water – the glass being the neck of a bottle broken off, with the cork left in. Fortunately, the water supply was supplemented by rainfall.

By the fifteenth day in the boat, only one day's bread (a single biscuit) and one bottle of water remained. A quartermaster, Thomas Matthews, 'the stoutest man in the boat, ... in the night drank salt-water, grew delirious, and died without a groan! Till this point, 'as the evenings closed in, the men had been encouraged by turns to sing a song, or relate a story, instead of a supper: but this evening', wrote the captain, 'I found it impossible to raise either'. Then, the following morning after the last supplies had been eaten at breakfast, another quartermaster, John Gregory, declared that he'd sighted land. According to Inglefield, 'I did not trust myself to believe it, and cautioned the people (who were extravagantly elated) that they might not feel the effects of disappointment; 'till at length one of them broke out into a most immoderate swearing of joy, which I could not restrain, and declared he had never seen land in his life if what he now saw was not it.' They had indeed sighted the Azorean archipelago, some 900 miles west of Lisbon. With help from a fishing canoe, they reached the island of Faial at midnight. They were given bread, wine and water, but not allowed to land until the following morning until they'd been seen by Portuguese health officers. On going ashore, 'Some of the stoutest men belonging to the Centaur were obliged to be supported through the streets of Fayall', wrote Inglefield. 'Mr Rainy, the Master, and myself, were, I think, in better health than the rest; but I could not walk without being supported; and for several days, with the best and most comfortable provisions of diet and lodging, we grew rather worse than better'.

So ends, in somewhat anti-climactic fashion, the account of a gruelling three-week struggle with the sea for survival. It nevertheless contains at times vivid riveting details, such as doomed men aboard a sinking ship who put on their best clothes in which to face death; their ship-mates in an open boat who sing a song or tell a story in the evenings to make up for having no supper; the strongest man in the party who loses the will to live on what turns out to be the day before landfall; 'the immoderate swearing of joy' when safety comes into view.

For the most part, we do not know the later careers of most of the survivors, either in the navy or out of it, though no doubt details could be found in the archives. Captain Inglefield (1748-1828), as the son of a senior ship's carpenter at Deptford, might not have been expected to go far in the service, but he had powerful backers in a maternal uncle who was a shipbuilder, and Sir Samuel Hood, a distinguished admiral. He held commands in the Caribbean, off the coast of Africa, and in the Mediterranean, before becoming resident commissioner of the navy in Corsica and Malta and at Gibraltar and Halifax, Nova Scotia. He was not apparently hindered by the scandal of 1786 which arose when he accused his wife, Ann, of making advances to a black manservant. Inglefield and she separated, after which she sued him for desertion, and won her case, though divorce followed. Ann published a pamphlet entitled *Mrs Inglefield's Justification*, to which her husband replied with *Captain Inglefield's Vindication of his Conduct*. The latter was printed by the firm responsible for Inglefield's shipwreck narrative. The latter, judging from its several editions, and also abridged versions which continued to be issued until 1803, enjoyed considerable success. It may also have inspired the artist, James Northcote (1746-1831), who exhibited at the Royal Academy in 1784 a painting *'The Wreck of HMS Centaur'*, which he later described as *'the grandest and most original thing I ever did'*. [17]

The dramatic work shows the pinnace as its about to pull away from the *Centaur*. Helping hands reach out to haul aboard the fortunate midshipman, Richard Bayles. The artist chose to ignore Inglefield's observation that 'twice the number that the boat would carry were pushing to get in, and many [were] jumping into the water' – and presumably being repelled. Even so, the painting serves, like the ballad, as a striking reminder of a strenuous struggle with the sea, and as a testament to the courage, endurance and good fortune of the few survivors.

Roy Palmer

FT: Folklife Traditions pages. - we welcome appropriate Folklife material - be it snippets, articles, or anything that you wish to publicise. Membership (£14 a year) is most welcome (we do need the money!) but not required. *Membership* is required for publicity in FQ's non-FT pages.

Talks, Conferences, Exhibitions

FOLKLIFE Membership:

is not required for Talks, Conferences & Exhibitions items; but we do thank Members for their support

- format is simply news in date order
- · our usual word limits: up-to-200 words per item; more if advertising
- FLS: The Folklore Society, c/o The Warburg Institute, Woburn Square, London WC1H OAB. www.folklore-society.com For more information, see website or contact enquiries@folklore-society.com
- GLOUCESTER FOLK MUSEUM Phone 01452 396868 www.gloucestermuseums.co.uk
- ST FAGANS: NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM www.museumwales.ac.uk/en/stfagans 10am-5pm daily. Phone 029 2057 3500
- TSF: Traditional Song Forum www.tradsong.org
- EFDSS: English Folk Dance & Song Society www.efdss.org



OCTOBER

5-6 Oct **EFDSS: FOLK SONG CONFERENCE**

For tickets and further details for the Folk Song Conference, see: http://folkshop.efdss.org/Tickets.htm





12-13 Oct FLS: POPULAR ANTIQUITIES

The 3rd joint Folklore and Archaeology Conference of The Institute of Archaeology, University College London, and The Folklore Society. At The Institute of Archaeology, UCL.

For programme information and registration, visit:

http://popularantiquities.eventbrite.co.uk

Or contact t.paphitis@ucl.ac.uk, or enquiries@folklore-society.com

⇒ More information at:

■ www.folklore-society.com

18-20 Oct NATIONAL DIALECT WEEKEND

Now in its fifth year, the weekend will take place in the glorious county of Devon at the Barnfield Theatre in historic Exeter. We are looking forward to celebrating the diversity of our regional dialects on the 18th, 19th and 20th of October 2013. We hope that you will want to join us and will put these dates in your diary straight away!

⇒ bill@devondialect.org ■ http://devondialect.org

See our online Directory, http://issuu.com/folklife, under List 7 Folklore Societies: A.12, English Language & Dialect Societies

GLOUCESTER FOLK MUSEUM: APPLE DAY 26 Oct

10am - 4pm. Orchards, cider making and all things apple used to be big business in Gloucestershire. Join us as we look at the traditions and techniques of apple growing and cider preparation. Watch apples being crushed for cider under horse power and



then have a go yourself by hand. There will also be opportunities to swap your recipes for apple pies, crumbles and cakes and indulge in some apple delights in our tea rooms, make some apple related crafts, and generally indulge in all things apple!

29-31 Oct ST FAGANS: NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM TRADITIONAL COOKING

11am-1pm & 2pm-4pm. Traditional cooking over an open fire at Abernodwydd Farmhouse. Come and see traditional winter foods being prepared for All Hallow's eve. Free.



Oatcake baking

31 Oct NATIONAL MARITIME MUSEUM: "LONG HAUL: A HISTORY OF THE SEA SHANTY", a lecture by Roy Palmer.

7pm-8pm, £10. Ground floor; Lecture Theatre, NMM, Romney Road, Greenwich, London SE10 9NF. 020 8858 4422. www1.rmg.co.uk

Celebrate one of our greatest 'unsung' maritime traditions in this musical lecture, with maritime music historian Roy Palmer and shanty crew Kimber's Men. Join them on a seaward journey through the tough work and bawdy humour of the sailors' sea shanty. Age: 18+. Part of Music of the Sea: a season of rousing, traditional maritime music

SEASONAL LOCAL CELEBRATIONS

PEARLIES HARVEST FESTIVAL [‡] See photo next page St Paul's Church, Covent Garden London 2nd Sun in Oct [LPKG] Carole Jolly , LPKQ Secretary, writes

We have two events: the first is on the last Sunday in September this is a very big event with over twenty Mayors from all over London and home counties, Country dancing, maypole dancing, marching bands, donkeys and carts and many other things. It starts at Guildhall Yard from 1.00pm, after the entertainment there is a parade down to St Mary Le Bow Church in Cheapside for the Harvest Festival service and all produce goes to the Whitechapel Mission.

The other event is at St Paul's Church, Covent Garden on the 2nd Sunday of October, it starts from 10.00am when we all gather outside the church then the service starts at 11.00am, All the produce is sent to St Martin's homeless centre.

Our website is www.pearlysociety.co.uk

events co-curated with EFDSS to mark the opening of the new Nelson, Navy, Nation gallery at the Museum.

lecture: www.rmg.co.uk/whats-on/events/calendar/long-haul

NOVEMBER

FLS: THE KATHARINE BRIGGS LECTURE

at The Warburg Institute, Woburn Square, London WC1H OAB, 6.30-9 pm. Dr Gail-Nina Anderson: "Fine Art and Folklore".

Free public lecture followed by a reception, during which the winner of The Katharine Briggs Award will be announced.

To book: call 0207 862 8564 or email 🕆 enquiries@folklore-society.com

⇒ More information at: ■ www.folklore-society.com

DECEMBER

3 - 21 Dec GLOUCESTER FOLK MUSEUM; FOLK TRAIL - WINTER

Celebrations around the World. Winter is a time of celebration and festivities all around the world. Take our trail to explore different beliefs and ways of celebrations.



GLOUCESTER CITY MUSEUM: 'MUMMERS IN <u> 4 Dec</u> GLOUCESTERSHIRE' with Steve Rowley

1.10pm - 1.50pm. Join Steve Rowley as he explores the history of Mumming in Gloucestershire. Adults £3, Concessions (over-60s) £2.

Pre-book your space by emailing *\text{\text{\text{}}} museums@gloucester.gov.uk or

telephoning the City Museum reception desk on 01452 396131.

Thu 12 Dec FLS: THE FOLKLORE SOCIETY'S McDOWALL PRIZE Deadline for entries

⇒ More information at:

■ www.folklore-society.com



Thu 12 Dec ST FAGANS: NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM

BEHIND THE SCENES: TRADITIONAL CHRISTMAS CUSTOMS
11am - 12pm & 1.30pm - 2.30pm. Carol Singing, Mari Lwyd, Chasing the Wren - a talk about Christmas traditions old and new, concentrating on the rich and colourful collections of the National Museum.

⇒ Free, booking essential: 029 2057 3424

Sat 14 Dec TSF: TRADITIONAL SONG FORUM MEETING

Traditional Song Forum meeting, Cecil Sharp House, EFDSS

TSF

2014

Sat 22 Feb BROADSIDE DAY 2014

Cecil Sharp House, EFDSS, London.



TSF: TRADITIONAL SONG FORUM MEETING Guests of the Devonshire Association's Music Section.

11-13 Apr FLS: A JOINT CONFERENCE WITH THE HARDY SOCIETY FOLKLORE, THOMAS HARDY, AND RURAL WRITING

A joint conference of The Thomas Hardy Society and The Folklore Society, together with the FLS AGM 2014. At The Corn Exchange, Dorchester, Dorset.



Call For Papers: submissions are invited for 20-minute presentations on such themes as: folklore in the works of Thomas Hardy; Wessex/ Dorset folklore; folk customs inspired by Hardy; rural writers & writing about rural traditions in the late 19th-early 20th centuries; etc. Offers of papers for a panel of post-graduate student papers on Hardy will be especially welcomed. Send abstracts of 200 words to he enquiries@ folklore-society.com, and 🕆 rebecca.welshman@btinternet.com, by 15 January 2014.

⇒ More information at:

■ www.folklore-society.com







© Carole Jolly. Carole is a Freeman of the City of London, Pearly Queen of Crystal Palace, & Secretary of the LPKQ Society [‡] Note previous page

Notts

London

Devon

N. York

Exmoor

London

UK

Somerset

Cheshire

Last 3 days of 1st week in Oct

London 2nd Sun in Oct [LPKG] 2nd Wednesday in Oct

Last Thursday in October

Last Thursday in October

31st October and on

1st Sunday in October

1st Sunday in October

7th October

Late October

31st October

October



WROTH SILVER CEREMONY => 11 Nov

FIRING THE FENNY POPPERS ⇒ 11 Nov



Listings: Seasonal Local Celebrations, a list by Doc Rowe

Nottingham

Billingsgate

Tavistock

Bampton

Antrobus

various

Clifton, York

Hinton St George

Royal Courts of Justice

All listings © Doc Rowe except any in italics. All photos © Doc Rowe unless otherwise credited [§] Original Pearly Kings and Queens Association [‡] LPKQ London Pearly Kings and Queens Society

St Martins in the Field London

St Paul's Church, Covent Garden

Twyford (nr Winchester) Hants

LISTINGS UNDERLINED = see photos

	-	-	-	-
OCT	OBER			
NOT	TINGHAM GO	os€	FAIR	
BILLI	NGSGATE H.	ARVE:	ST FEST	VAL
PEAR	rlies harve	est fe	STIVAL	[§]
BELL	RINGERS' FE	EAST		
<u>PEAI</u>	RLIES HARVE	EST FE	<u>ESTIVAL</u>	[‡]
GOO	ZEY VAIR			
COU	rt leet			
BAM	PTON PONY	FAIR		
PUNK	(IE NIGHT			
QUIT	RENTS CER	emoi	NY	
ANT	ROBUS SOUL	CAKE	CRS	
TRIC	K OR TREAT			

<u>NOVEMBER</u>
KAKING NEET
GUY FAWKES
LEWES BONFIRE
HATHERLEIGH FIRE CARNIVAL
BRIDGWATER CARNIVAL
TAR BARREL ROLLING
WROTH SILVER CEREMONY
FIRING THE FENNY POPPERS
ARMISTICE DAY
YORKSHIR€ CAROLS
THE LORDS MAYOR'S SHOW
LAXTON JURY DAY
WALL GAM€
COURT LEET

South and West of S	heffiel
various	Ul
Lewes	Su
Hatherleigh	D€
Bridgwater	Sc
Ottery St Mary	D€
Knightlow Cross	W
Fenny Stratford	Βι
various	UI
various	Yo
City of London	Lo
Laxton	No
Eton	Ве
Fylingthorpe	N.

ld 1st November or near Up to & inc. 5th Nov K 5th November ussex Wednesday near 5th Nov evon omerset Thursday near 5th Nov 5th November evon 11th November /arks ucks 11th November 11th November K orks From 11th November ondon 2nd Saturday in November otts (Newark) Late November Late November erks . Yorks December

<u>DECEMBER INCLUDING CHRISTMAS, BOXING DAY, NEW YEAR'S EVE</u>						
	TIN CAN BAND	Broughton	Northants	Sunday after 12th Dec		
	TUP PLAYS	Sheffield and Chesterfie	eld area	Christmas		
	BURNING ASHEN FAGGOT	Dunster	Somerset	Christmas Eve		
	TOLLING THE DEVILS KNELL	Dewsbury	W Yorks	Christmas Eve		
	MUMM€RS	Bampton	Oxon	Christmas Eve		
	FEATHER GUISERS	Uttoxeter	Staffs	Christmas Eve and Day		
	CROOKHAM MUMMERS	Crookham	Hants	Boxing Day		
	FLAMBOROUGH SWORD DANC€	Flamborough	Yorkshire	Boxing Day		
	GREATHAM SWORD DANCE PLAY	Greatham	Co. Durham	Boxing Day		
	STRAW BOYS/ MUMMERS	Fermanagh	Ireland	Christmas		
	BARREL ROLLING COMPETITION	Denbigh	Denbighshire	Boxing Day [Eds]		
	WREN BOYS	Dingle	Ireland	Boxing Day		
	DARKI€ DAY	Padstow	Cornwall Bo	oxing Day &New Year's Day		
	HANDSWORTH SWORD DANCERS	Handsworth	S. Yorkshire	Boxing Day		
	GRENOSIDE SWORD DANCERS	Grenoside	S. Yorkshire	Boxing Day		
	MONKSEATON DANCERS	Monkseaton	Tyne-Tees	Boxing Day		
	MARSHFIELD MUMMERS	Marshfield	Glos	Boxing Day		
	RIPON SWORD DANCERS	Ripon	N. Yorks	Boxing Day		
	ANNUAL DIP	Whitby	N. Yorks	Boxing Day		
	SYMONDSBURY MUMMERS	Symondsbury	Dorset	Christmas		
	FYLINGDALE GUISERS	Fylingthorpe	N. Yorks	Christmas		
	FLAMBEAUX PROCESSION	Comrie	Tayside	New Year's Eve		
	SWINGING THE FIREBALLS	Stonehaven	Grampian	New Year's Eve		
	MARI LWYD different places - different	ent days S.E. Wales	Before Christr	nas to New Year's Day		

The Doc Rowe Collection Support Group has been set up to support the Archive of Doc's unique collection. See: www.docrowe.org.uk